## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/36 Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE A LEVEL - October/November 2013 | 9701 | 36 |


| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | PDO layout | I The following data are given <br> - mass of solid used (or both weighings) <br> - volume used in rough titre (or both readings) <br> - initial and final readings for two (or more) accurate titrations | 1 |  |
|  | PDO recording | II Acceptable/appropriate headings for all data given in weighing and accurate titration tables and g and $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ units. <br> - mass/weight of beaker (empty) <br> - mass of beaker + FB 1/solid <br> - mass solid/FB1 <br> - initial/start/first (burette) reading/volume <br> - final/end/second (burette) reading/volume <br> - titre or volume used/added/FB 5 added (but not difference or change in volume) <br> - unit:/ $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ or in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ <br> If $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ units are not given in the heading, every entry in the table must have the correct unit. | 1 |  |
|  | PDO recording | III All accurate burette readings are to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> The need to record to 0.05 only applies to the burette readings, including $0.00 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ (if this was the initial reading), <br> but it does not apply to the titre. <br> Do not award this mark if: <br> - 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading <br> - more than one final burette reading is 50.(00) <br> - any burette reading is greater than 50.(00). | 1 |  |
|  | MMO decision | IV There are two uncorrected accurate titres within $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Do not include a reading if it is labelled "rough". Do not award this mark if, having performed two titres within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, a further titration is performed which is more than $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless further titrations, within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of any other, has also been carried out. Do not award the mark if any accurate burette readings (apart from initial zero) are given as integers. | 1 |  |
|  | MMO quality | Examiner calculates mean titre $\times$ mass FB 1 for candidate and Supervisor. <br> Award V, VI and VII if $\delta \leq 2\left(\mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ <br> Award $\mathbf{V}$ and $\mathbf{V I}$ if $2<\delta \leq 3$ <br> Award V, only, if $3<\delta \leq 5$. <br> Spread penalty: if two best titres used by the Examiner are $\geq 0.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ apart, cancel one $Q$ mark. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | [7] |


| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE A LEVEL - October/November 2013 | 9701 | 36 |


| 1 (b) | MMO decision | Candidate calculates the mean correctly. <br> Candidate must take the average two (or more) titres where the total spread is $\leq 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the accurate titres selected. <br> The mean should normally be quoted to $2 \mathbf{d p}$, rounded to nearest $0.01 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Example $26.667 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ must be rounded to 26.67 not $26.65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 26.675 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ must be rounded to 26.68 not $26.70 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Two special cases, where the mean may not be to 2 dp : Allow mean expressed to 3 dp , only for 0.025 or 0.075 . Allow mean if expressed to 1 dp if all accurate burette readings were given to 1 dp (ignoring initial given as 0 ) and the mean is exactly correct e.g. 26.0 and $26.2=26.1$ is correct but 26.0 and $26.1=26.1$ is wrong - should be 26.05 . <br> Do not award this mark if: <br> - The rough titre was used to calculate the mean. <br> - The candidate did only one accurate titration. <br> - Burette readings were incorrectly subtracted to obtain any of the accurate titre values. <br> - All burette readings (resulting in titre values used in calculation of mean) are integers. <br> Note: the candidate's mean will sometimes be marked correct even if it is different from the mean calculated by the Examiner for the purpose of assessing accuracy. | 1 | [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (c) | ACE interpretation | I Correctly calculates moles of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ weighed in (i) $=\frac{\text { mass of FB1 used }}{248.2}$ | 1 |  |
|  |  | II Correct expression for moles of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ used in (ii) $=\frac{\text { answer (i) } \times \text { mean titre }}{250}$ | 1 |  |
|  |  | III Correct calculations/expression in (iii) and (iv) <br> (iii) : no moles of $\mathrm{I}_{2}=0.5 \times$ (ii) | 1 |  |
|  | PDO display | IV Correct expression in (v) <br> Mass $=$ answer (iv) $\times 40 \times 158(.0)(\times 40$ may be shown as $\times 1000 / 25$ ) | 1 |  |
|  | PDO display | V All quoted answers are given to 3 or 4 significant figures. (minimum of three answers) | 1 | [5] |


| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE A LEVEL - October/November 2013 | 9701 | 36 |


| 1 (d) | ACE interpretation | error $=0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ in (i) <br> and <br> $\%$ error in volume of FB $5=\frac{2 \times 0.05}{\text { volof FB } 5 \text { used }} \times 100$ in <br> (ii) | 1 | [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | [Total: 14] |  |
| 2 (a) | MMO collection | I The masses of FB 6 used by the candidate were between $2.0-2.4 \mathrm{~g}$ (expt 1) and $2.5-2.9 \mathrm{~g}$ (expt 2). | 1 |  |
|  | PDO display | II Suitable headings for a table or list, shown completely for at least one experiment. If 2 experiments, all headings must be correct. <br> - (mass of) empty crucible <br> - (mass of) crucible + FB 6 <br> - (mass of) crucible + residue/FB 6 after heating <br> - mass (water) lost or mass anhydrous remaining <br> and unit covering every weighing. <br> Unit/g or (g) or in grams or $g$ following each weighing. | 1 |  |
|  | PDO recording | III Records all balance readings consistently to at least 1 dp <br> A minimum of three weighings are needed. | 1 |  |
|  | MMO quality | Examiner calculates $\frac{\text { mass of hydrated salt }}{\text { mass of water }}$ for each experiment. <br> Award IV if the ratio in expt $\mathbf{1}$ is between 0.95 and 1.15. Award $\mathbf{V}$ If the ratio in expt $\mathbf{2}$ is between 0.95 and 1.15. Award VI If the ratio in both of experiments $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{2}$ is between 0.85 and 1.25. | 1 1 1 | [6] |
| 2 (b) | MMO quality | (i) An appropriate choice of the more accurate experiment, and justification of choice. Three possibilities: <br> - Experiment 2 uses a larger mass and has a greater percentage accuracy. <br> - A reference to either experiment "spitting" or "frothing" during heating is a valid reason for nominating the other experiment. <br> - Experiment 1 as smaller mass takes less heating. | 1 |  |
|  | ACE interpretation | (ii) Correctly calculates number of moles of water $=\frac{\text { mass of water lost }}{18}$ <br> Ans to 2-4 sf Candidate must use the mass loss for the experiment thought to be more accurate. (If no choice is expressed in (i), this should be expt 2.) | 1 |  |
|  | ACE conclusion | (iii) $\mathrm{MSO}_{4} \cdot 7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{s}) \rightarrow \mathrm{MSO}_{4}(\mathrm{~s})+7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{g})$ Allow (I) for water. | 1 |  |


| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE A LEVEL - October/November 2013 | 9701 | 36 |



| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCE A LEVEL - October/November 2013 | 9701 | 36 |


[Total: 11]

